



DESIGN AND TECHNOLOGY: CURRICULUM CONTENT AND PROGRESSION FRAMEWORK

"Invention is 10% inspiration and 90% perspiration." - Thomas Edison

Aims

The national curriculum for design and technology aims to ensure that all pupils:

- develop the creative, technical and practical expertise needed to perform everyday tasks confidently and to participate successfully in an increasingly technological world
- build and apply a repertoire of knowledge, understanding and skills in order to design and make high-quality prototypes and products for a wide range of users
- critique, evaluate and test their ideas and products and the work of others
- understand and apply the principles of nutrition and learn how to cook

FOUNDATION		
Curriculum Content:	The key things we want children to know/be able to do:	
Children have access to a wide range of materials and equipment, both natural and man-made throughout the year. They can access and explore this during continuous provision, both indoors and outdoors. Design and technology projects link to festivals and celebrations and include: musical instruments, Chinese lanterns and Christmas decorations.	 Design Select appropriate resources and materials to use. Construct with a purpose in mind. Represent their own ideas, thoughts and feelings. Make Use a variety of natural and man-made resources. Master reasonable scissor control effectively and safely to cut and use techniques (paper in one hand, scissors in the other). Use malleable materials (e.g. play dough) and construction (e.g. Lego and blocks) safely with increasing control. Evaluate Adapt work when necessary. 	
musical instruments, Chinese lanterns and Christmas decorations.	 Make Use a variety of natural and man-made resources. Master reasonable scissor control effectively and safely to cut and use techniques (paper in one hand, scissors in the other). Use malleable materials (e.g. play dough) and construction (e.g. Lego a blocks) safely with increasing control. Evaluate Adapt work when necessary. Technical knowledge Look at different attachment methods e.g. paper clips, glue, tape. 	

	 Select tools and techniques needed to shape, assemble and join materials being used. <u>Cooking and nutrition</u> Talk about ways to keep healthy and safe. 	
YEAR 1		
Curriculum Content:	The key things we want children to know/be able to do:	
 Project: Puppets (sewing) <u>Brief:</u> Make an embellished hand puppet to use as part of a story retelling performance for your class. Project: Give a Gift (sewing) <u>Brief:</u> Make a small hanging ornament decorated with a range of stitch types e.g. bauble, end of year memento, lavender bag. It can be a gift for yourself, or given to someone else. 	Area of learning: Textiles Design Explore a range of existing products. Discuss ideas. Design purposeful, functional appealing products for themselves. Draw and label simple designs. Follow and refine plans as necessary. Make Select from and use a range of tools and equipment to perform practical tasks e.g. cutting, shaping, joining and finishing. Use a needle and thread safely and effectively	
 Project: Preparing a Picnic (cooking and nutrition) <u>Brief:</u> Create a range of savoury and sweet items to enjoy on a class picnic e.g. savoury pinwheels, sandwiches, sausage rolls, biscuits, frozen fruit lollies. 	 Evaluate Evaluate and compare against existing textile products. Test and evaluate the final product - is it fit for purpose? Reflect back on design criteria. Suggest improvements. Use peer assessment to improve their work. 	
	 <u>Technical knowledge</u> Use and store equipment such as needles safely. Follow a set of instructions in order to learn a new skill such as sewing. Children will learn stitch names. 	
	 <u>Key vocabulary</u> User, textile, product, stitch <u>Cooking and nutrition</u> Use the principles of a healthy and varied diet to prepare dishes. Understand where food comes from. 	

	NB: If opportunity to consider <u>food technology</u> focus on food production from farm to fork. Where does your food come from?		
YEAR 3			
Curriculum Content:	The key things we want children to know/be able to do:		
 Project: Keep it warm! (textiles) <u>Brief:</u> Design and make a mince pie warmer to house a mince pie and keep it warm by thinking about the insulating properties of materials. Project: Comfy cushion (textiles) <u>Brief:</u> Create a nature inspired cushion using a uniquely designed fabric (e.g. tie dye, fabric paints, printing). Mini Project: Food From Around the World (cooking and nutrition) <u>Brief:</u> Create a savoury dish using locally sourced produce. 	 Area of learning: Textiles Design Consider function, aesthetics, user needs. Create multiple designs. Research key events and individuals. Use market research to inform plans. Follow a brief for a target audience. Follow and refine plans as necessary. Describe their design using an accurately labelled sketch. Consider culture and society in designs. Choose textiles both for their appearance and properties. Make Select appropriate equipment e.g. needles, knitting needles, crochet hooks and materials for the task. Change the way they are working if needed. Join textiles of different types in different ways. Evaluate Test and evaluate the final product - is it fit for purpose? Reflect back on design criteria. Suggest improvements. Use peer assessment to improve their work. Technical knowledge Apply the understanding of how to strengthen and reinforce. Use and store equipment such as needles safely. Follow a set of instructions in order to learn a new skill such as crochet. Key vocabulary Target market, user, client, function, features, aesthetics, components, resilience, stitch, textile, material 		

YEAR 4			
Curriculum Content:	The key things we want children to know/be able to do:		
 Project: Fairtrade Food (cooking and nutrition) Brief: Prepare a selection of dishes which include Fairtrade ingredients to improve awareness of the Fairtrade foundation. Project: Food From Around the World (cooking and nutrition) Brief: Prepare a selection of traditional savoury dishes from countries around the world to share with another class, catering to any specific dietary requirements. Mini Project: Building Bridges (complex structures) Brief: Construct a bridge to span a required distance or hold a specified weight. 	 Area of learning: Cooking and nutrition Design Follow brief for predominantly savoury dishes for a specific event, individual or group. Consider culture and society e.g. fair trade Use market research to inform dishes. Follow and refine plans as necessary. Justify and explain plans through discussion and annotations. Make Select appropriate ingredients. Select and use basic hand-held and other kitchen equipment safely. Consider a range of cooking techniques e.g. weighing and measuring, stirring and kneading. Understand and follow food hygiene rules when preparing food e.g. how to store, prepare and cook. Evaluate Test and evaluate the final product - is it fit for purpose? Suggest improvements. Use peer assessment to improve their product. Technical knowledge Be familiar with the principles of a healthy and varied diet e.g. The Eatwell Guide. Show some understanding of seasonality, knowing where and how a variety of ingredients are grown, reared, caught and processed. Be aware of dietary needs of others e.g. allergies, intolerance or religious beliefs. Key vocabulary Target market, nutrition, hygiene, allergy, intolerance, diet 		

YEAR 5		
Curriculum Content:	The key things we want children to know/be able to do:	
 Project: Space Toys (cam mechanisms) <u>Brief:</u> Make a space themed toy for younger children which is robust, aesthetically pleasing and moves using a cam mechanism. Project: Maya Museum (hydraulic systems) <u>Brief:</u> Make a moveable Maya head sculpture using a simple hydraulic system. The heads will feature in a museum collection informing visitors of the Maya civilisation. Mini Project: Food From Around the World: Sushi (cooking and nutrition) <u>Brief:</u> Prepare a selection of vegetarian sushi, with a focus on knife skills. 	Area of learning: Mechanisms Design Consider function, aesthetics, user needs. Create multiple designs. Research key events and individuals. Use market research to inform plans. Follow a brief for a target audience. Draw own designs, neatly with colour. Follow and refine plans as necessary. Justify and explain plans through discussion and annotations. Consider culture and society in designs. Make and develop one idea to fit the brief. Use a ruler to measure in cm and mm. Use junior saws and hand drills. Use a file and sandpaper to finish. Select appropriate materials. Change the way they are working if needed. Evaluate Test and evaluate the final product - is it fit for purpose? Reflect back on design criteria. Suggest improvements. Use peer assessment to improve their work. Consider how your work compares to key events and individuals researched. Technical knowledge Understand how to strengthen, stiffen and reinforce structures. Understand and use mechanical systems in their products for example, gears, pulleys, cams, levers and linkages. Input – What do you do to make it work? Push, pull? Process – The mechanism that makes the output happen such as a handle which makes a cog turn. Output – what happens? Do wheels spin? 	

	 Consider categories and properties of materials used e.g. wood – what type? Pine? Oak? Manmade? <u>Key vocabulary</u> Target market, user, client, function, features, aesthetics, components, resilience, input, process, output 	
YEAR 6		
Curriculum Content:	The key things we want children to know/be able to do:	
Project: Fairground Ride (electrical systems) Brief: Examine a variety of rotating fairground rides before designing and creating a ride using an electrical motor.	 Area of learning: Electrical systems as part of a product Design Consider function, aesthetics, user needs. Create <u>multiple</u> designs. Research key events and individuals. Use market research to inform plans 	
Project: Rotating Night Light (electrical systems) <u>Brief:</u> Children will investigate night lights, thinking about the function and design, before designing and creating their own.	 Follow a brief for a target audience. Sketch circuit plans. Follow and refine plans as necessary. Justify and explain plans through discussion and annotations. Consider culture and society in designs. 	
Mini Project: Food From Around the World (cooking and nutrition) Brief: Thinking about the learning children will have done in science relating to healthy eating, children will design and make a nutritionally balanced meal, based on the traditional food of a country studied.	 Make Select appropriate equipment and materials for the task. Change the way they are working if needed. Incorporate an electrical element to the product. 	
	 Test and evaluate the final product - is it fit for purpose? Reflect back on design criteria. Suggest improvements. Use peer assessment to improve their work. Consider how your work compares to key events and individuals researched. 	
	 Technical knowledge Understand and use electrical systems in their products for example, switches, bulbs, buzzers and motors. Input – What do you do to make it work? Flick a switch? Process – How does your circuit connect to make the product work? Output – what happens? Does a light come on? 	

 Apply their understanding of computing to program, monitor and control their products.
Key vocabulary Target market, user, client, function, features, aesthetics, components, resilience, input, process, output See science curriculum for electrical vocabulary.

GLOSSARY		
Design and Technology	Cooking and Nutrition	
 Target market - a particular group of consumers at which a product or service is aimed User - A person who will interact or 'use' the product Client - A company or organisation who has asked you to produce a product. Function - The job of the product (Entertainment , Educational etc) Features - Aesthetics - How the product looks. Consider colour, shape and texture. Components - parts that when combined create a product Input - a device through which, energy or information enters a system Process - components or mechanism that produce change Output - a place where power or information leaves a system. Context - the setting or background information for the brief Brief - initial outline of what is required Work of others - teamwork Annotate - notes Specification - a set of rules for the product, a list of musts Modelling - a trial version CAM - Computer Aided Design CAM - Computer Aided Manufacture Ergonomics - making products that humans can operate efficiently 	 Nutrition Hygiene Allergy Intolerance Diet Gluten formation Gelatinisation, Shortening Coagulation 	